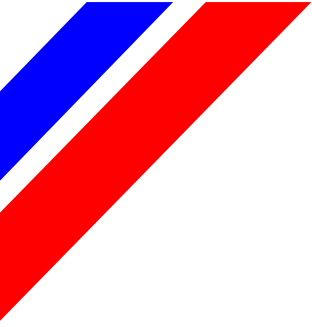




Helping First-in-Family Students Get Ready for College

Tia Smith
University of Arizona, Financial Aid Counselor
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Topics Covered

- Living Proof
- What You Should Know About “First-Generation College Students”
- Why We Care
- Before, During, and After Postsecondary Education
- How Can We Help
- Q&A



The Proof is in the Presenter

- First-Generation College Student
- Educational Goals
- Top Choices
- School is secondary
- Loans, Loans, and More Loans
- Timeframe

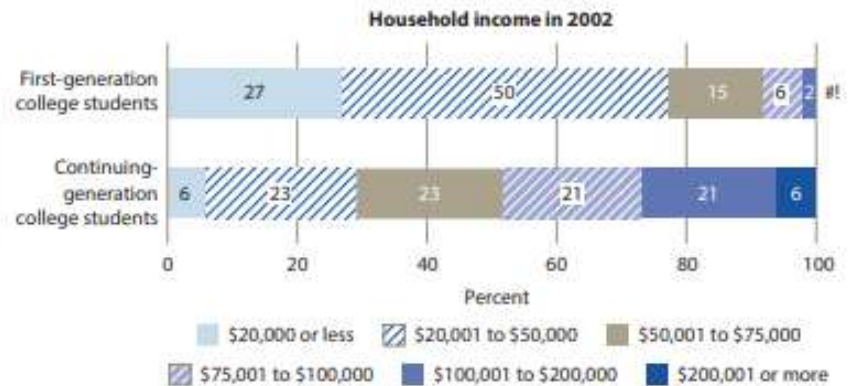
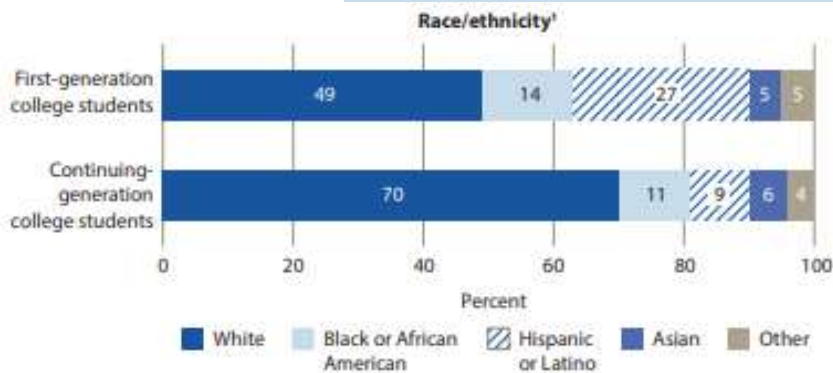


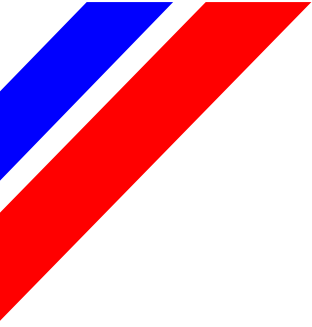
Definition of First-Generation College Students

Students whose parents never enrolled in post-secondary education.
Any Ethnicity

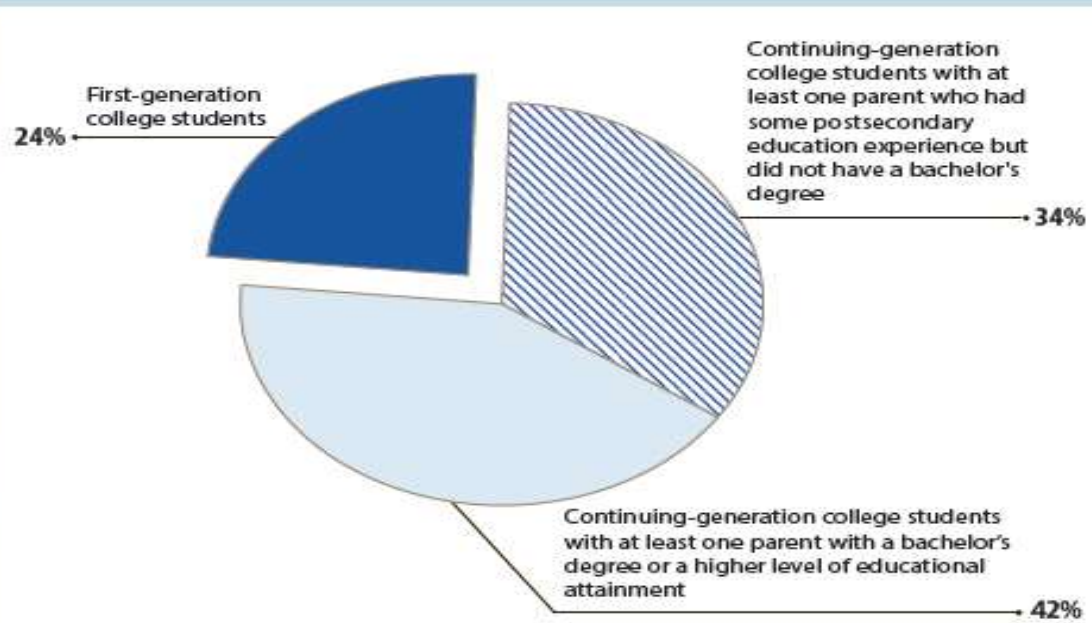
Any Socioeconomic Status

College generation status of spring 2002 high school sophomores with subsequent postsecondary enrollment, by race/ethnicity, native language, and household income: 2012

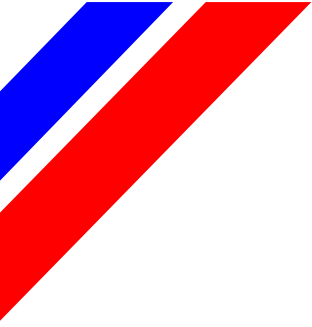




Percentage distribution of spring 2002 high school sophomores with subsequent postsecondary enrollment, by college generation status: 2012

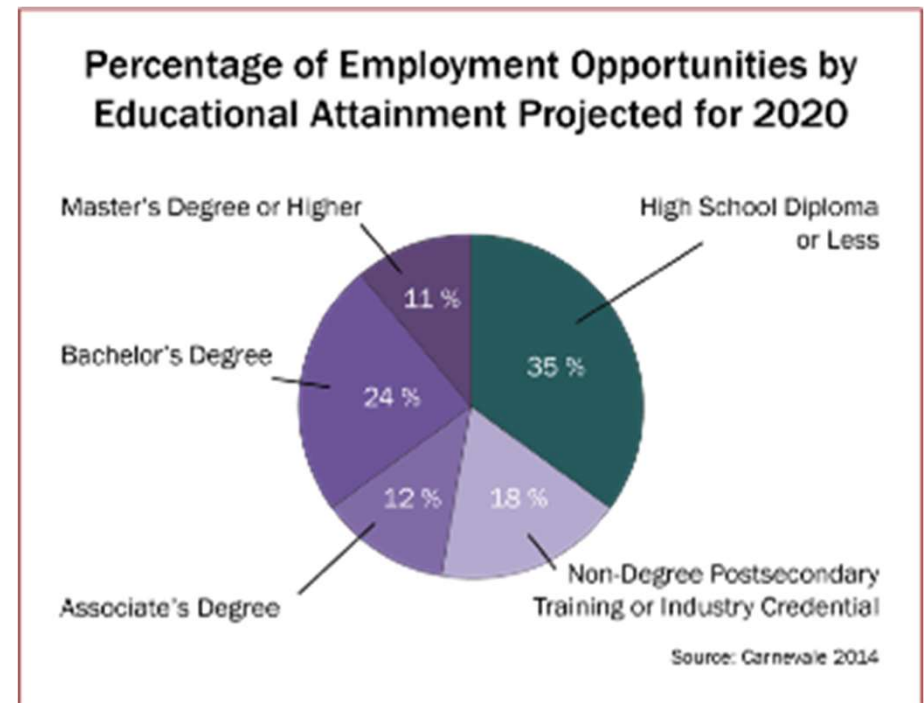


NOTE: First-generation college students are students whose parents do not have any postsecondary education experience.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), Third Follow-up, 2012. Restricted-Use Data File.



Why Do We Care?

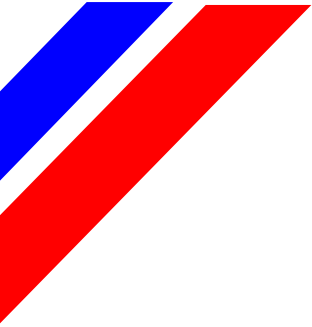
- Retention
- Default Cohort Rates
- Collection Costs/ Write Offs
- National Student Loan Debt
- Employment





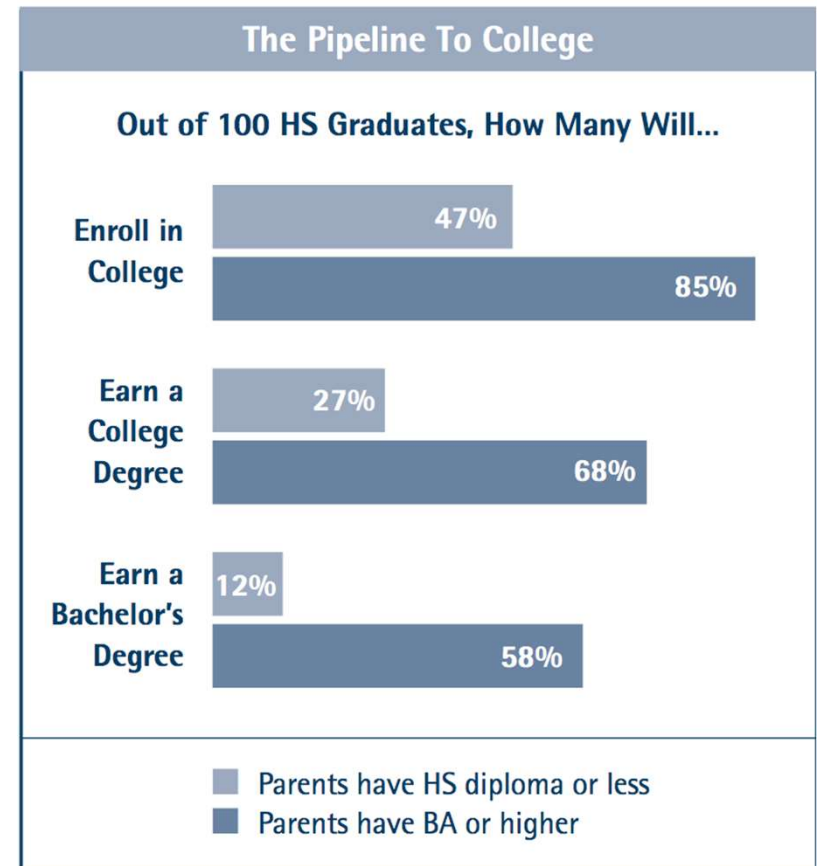
Experiences of First-Generation Students

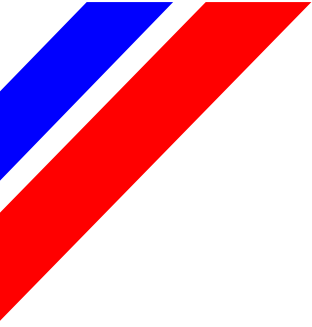
- What are some obstacles they face?
- When do they face them?
 - Before the college process
 - During attendance
 - After enrollment



Before Admissions

- Aspirations
- College Preparedness
- Lack of Family Support
- School Choice
- Paying for College (Net Price)

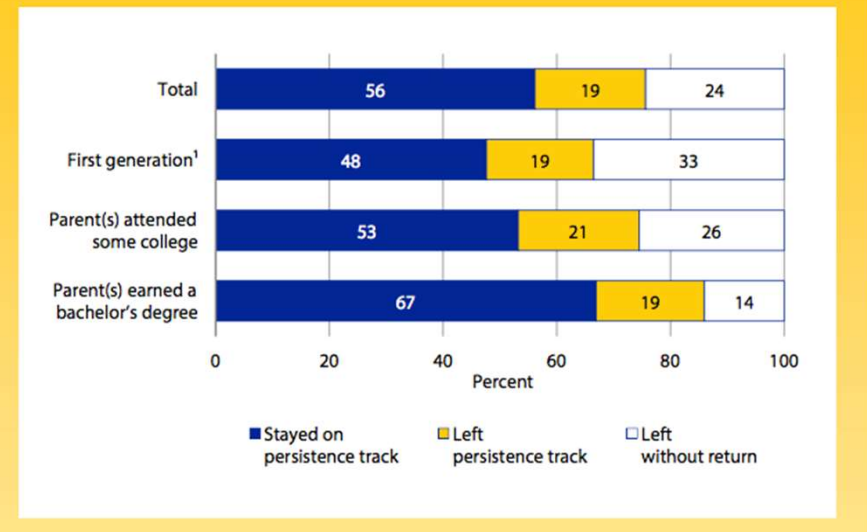


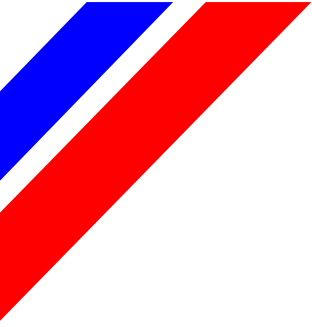


While in Class

- Acclimating
- Lack of “College Culture”
- Lack of Family Support
- Financial Obligations
- Other Risk Factors

Percentage distribution of 2003–04 beginning postsecondary students' status on the persistence track after 3 years, by parents' highest level of education: 2006





After Enrollment

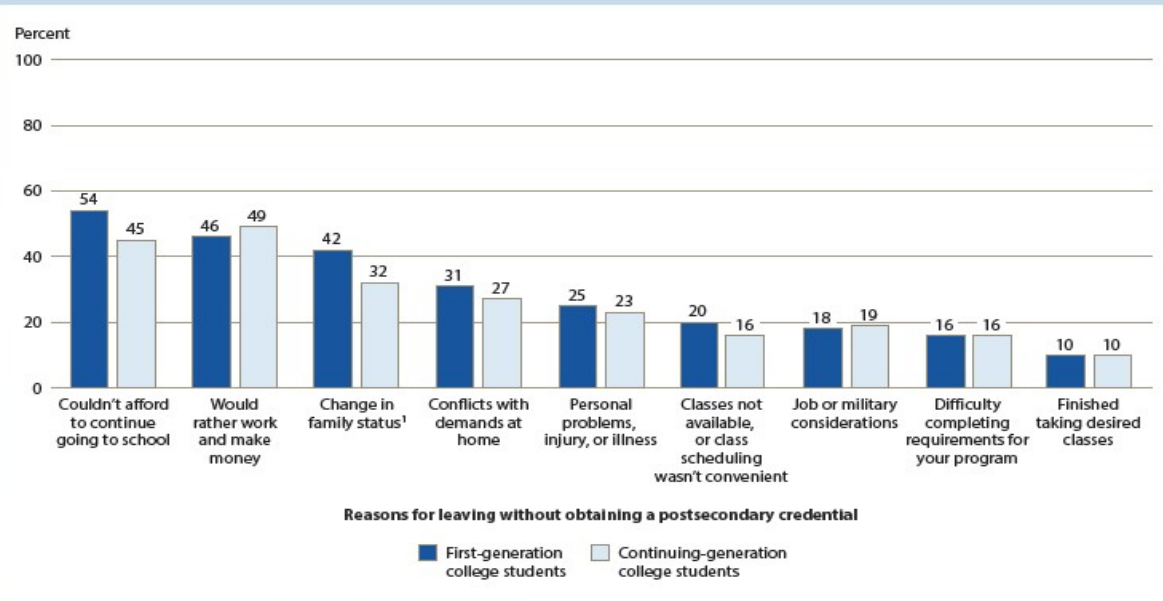
- Withdrawing
- Cannot Afford
- Money, Money, Money, Money
- Family Conflicts
- Beyond the Baccalaureate

First to Second Year Persistence by Type of Institution First Attended

	Low-Income, First-Generation	Low-Income or First-Generation Only	Not Low-Income and Not First-Generation
ALL INSTITUTIONS			
Attained ¹ or returned after Y1	66%	69%	79%
Transferred after Y1	9%	12%	14%
Did not enroll Y2	26%	19%	7%
PUBLIC TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS			
Attained or returned after Y1	59%	63%	63%
Transferred after Y1	10%	11%	22%
Did not enroll Y2	32%	26%	15%
PUBLIC FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS			
Attained or returned after Y1	76%	76%	84%
Transferred after Y1	12%	14%	12%
Did not enroll Y2	12%	9%	4%
PRIVATE, NON-PROFIT FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS			
Attained or returned after Y1	77%	78%	89%
Transferred after Y1	11%	15%	9%
Did not enroll Y2	11%	8%	2%
FOR-PROFIT INSTITUTIONS			
Attained or returned after Y1	68%	72%	74%
Transferred after Y1	6%	6%	8%
Did not enroll Y2	26%	22%	18%

After Enrollment

College generation status of spring 2002 high school sophomores with subsequent postsecondary enrollment who left school without obtaining a postsecondary credential, by reasons for leaving: 2012



¹ Examples of changes in family status include a marriage, baby, or death in the family.

NOTE: First-generation college students are students whose parents do not have any postsecondary education experience. Continuing-generation college students are students who have at least one parent who had some postsecondary education experience. Continuing-generation students whose parents had some postsecondary education but did not have a bachelor's degree are excluded from this figure. Respondents were able to answer "Yes" for more than one reason for leaving without obtaining a postsecondary credential.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), Third Follow-up, 2012. Restricted-Use Data File.



How Can We Help as a Community

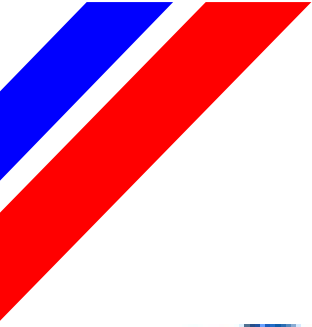
Complete College Success

- Before
 - Lift First-Generation Aspirations
 - College Preparedness
- During
 - Acclimation
 - Paying for College
 - Advising/ Course Success
- After
 - Graduate School and Beyond
 - Employment Assistance



How Can We Help as Financial Aid Professionals

- Recognizing First-Generation College Students
- Dedicated Programs & Scholarships
 - University of Arizona
 - New Start Summer Program
 - Brown University
 - First-Generation College & Low Income Student Center
 - Bowdoin & Trinity Colleges
 - Application fee waivers
 - Texas Tech University
 - Generation Texas (GenTX)
- Other Noteworthy Opportunities



Q & A

